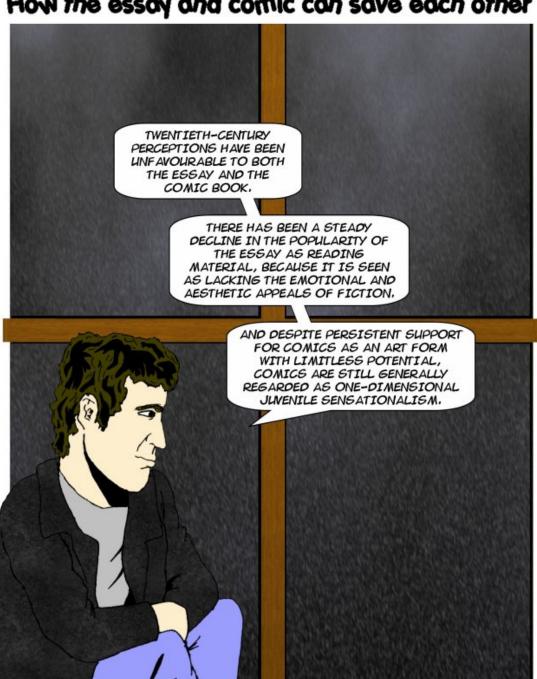
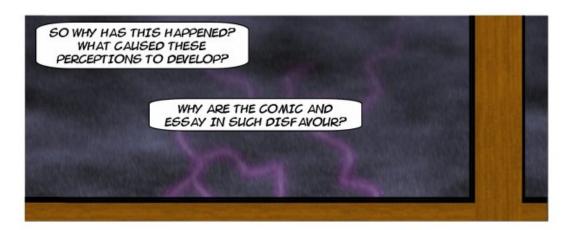
ACADENAESTHETICS

How the essay and comic can save each other







ACADENAESTHETICS

By S.W. Smith

PART ONE: DEFINITIONS PART TWO:

LET'S START HERE.

PART ONE:

DEFINITIONS

PAR

PART FOUR: CONCLUSION

DEFINING 'ESSAY'
IS PROBLEMATIC.

GEORG LUKACS QUESTIONS WHETHER ESSAYS POSSESS A UNIFYING PRINCIPLE;

What is this unity - if unity there is?

THEODORE ADORNO IS EQUALLY UNABLE TO QUANTIFY ESSAYS:

the essay ... is lacking a convincing tradition 2

AND PETER HOHENDAHL CAN ONLY DEFINE THE ESSAY BY WHAT IT IS NOT:

neither a scientific article ... nor a [systematic] tractate3

- 1 as quoted by Huhn (1999), p 183
- 2. Adomo (1984), p 151
- Hohendahl (1997), p 220.



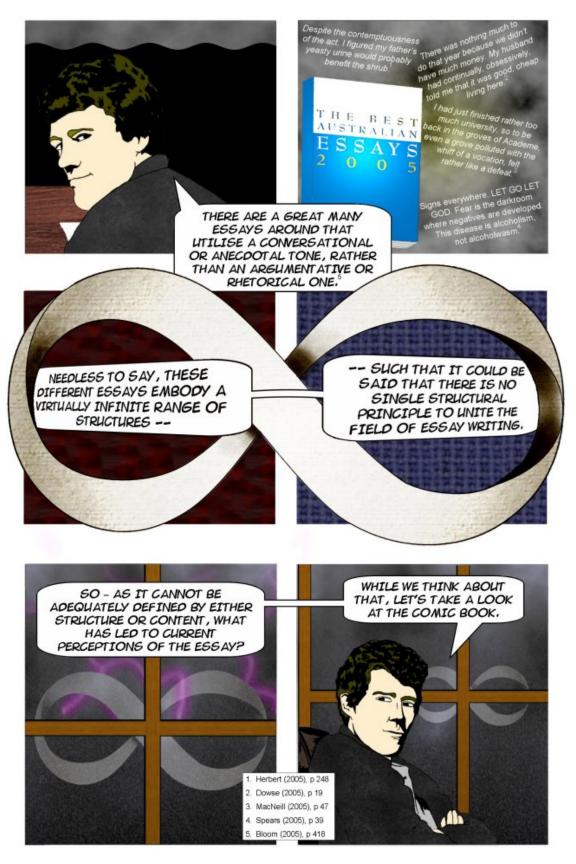














The state of

1. as quoted by Cohn (2005), p 2





Categorically, comics can only be understood as sociological, literary, and cultural artefacts, independent from the internal structures comprising them 1.



image from Cohn (2006),

http://www.com/xpedia.com/com/c theory 101 too many twos

IN HIS QUEST TO DEFINE ART, MORRIS WEITZ DRAWS UPON WITTGENSTEIN TO ARRIVE AT A COMPARABLE CONCLUSION.

If we actually look and see what it is that we call "art," we will also find no common properties – only strands of similarities [...] such that we can say of [art] that it forms a family with family resemblances and no common trait.

HE MAKES THE CASE THAT COMICE

ARE DEFINED NOT BY RIGID STRUCTURAL BOUNDARIES, BUT

MORE BY 'CULTURAL

CATEGORISATION,' WHICH CAN

INCLUDE SUCH FACTORS AS

READERSHIP, PROCESSES OF

PUBLISHING, OR CONTENT².

IT WOULD NOT BE UNREASONABLE, THEN, TO APPLY THIS KIND OF THINKING TO THE ESSAY, ALSO.

INDEED, THESE LOOSE
DEFINITIONS ARE NECESSARY
IN ALL NON-LOGICAL FIELDS
OF EXPRESSION, UNLESS WE
CHOOSE TO *ARBITRARILY
CLOSE THEM BY STIPULATING
THE RANGES OF THEIR USES.*

OF COURSE, THIS MAKES THE PROCESS OF PEFINING COMICS AND ESSAYS HIGHLY SUBJECTIVE, AND EQUATES TO LITTLE MORE THAN "I KNOW IT WHEN I SEE IT."

1. Cohn (2005), p 16

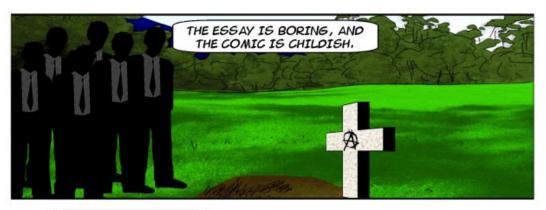
2. Cohn (2003), p 14

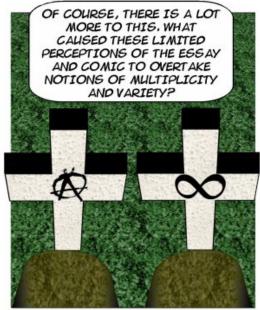
3. Weitz (1956), p 31

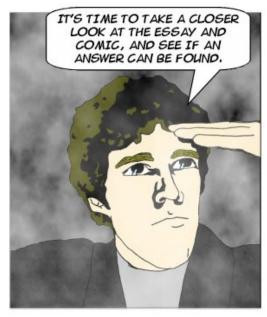
4. Weitz (1956), p 31

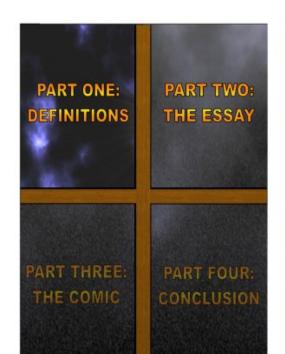
ALTHOUGH THESE OPEN
DEFINITIONS ARE A BOON IN
TERMS OF EXPERIMENTATION
AND DEVELOPMENT, THEY ARE
ALSO GREATLY RESPONSIBLE
FOR THE CURRENT STATE OF
MISUNDERST ANDING.

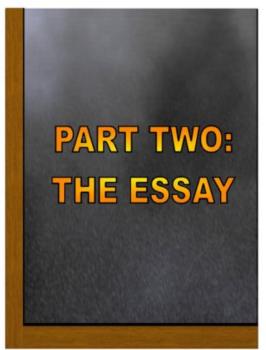








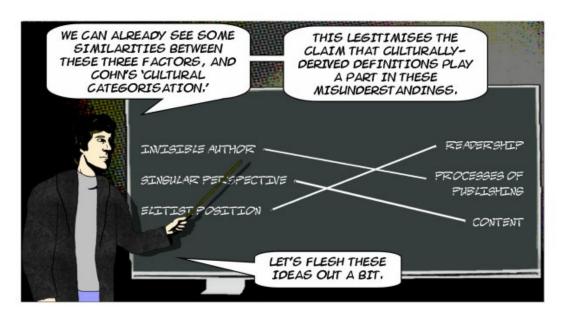




THE ESSAY IS IN DECLINE AS FAVOURED
READING MATERIAL[®]. MY RESEARCH HAS
LED ME TO DERIVE THREE PRIMARY
REASONS FOR THIS.

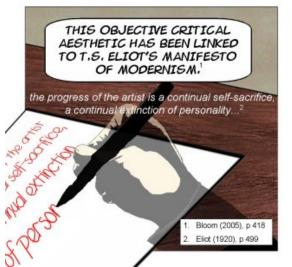
- 1. Invisible Author
- 2. Lingular Perspective
- 3. Elitist Position

* SIMONSON (1964) P 34

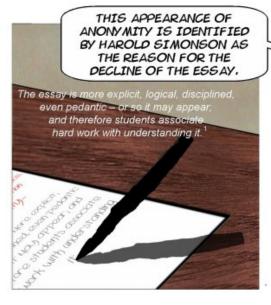






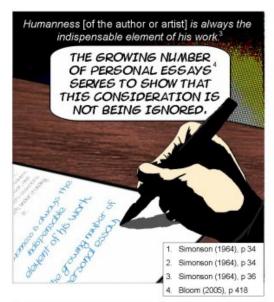






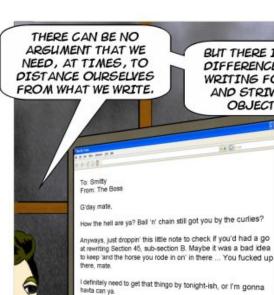










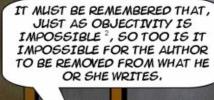


BUT THERE IS A HUGE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN WRITING FORMALLY. AND STRIVING FOR OBJECTIVITY.

HER

FORMAL WRITING OFTEN ALLOWS SUCH THINGS AS CLARITY OF ARGUMENT, A LARGER PERSPECTIVE, OR THE APPEARANCE OF AUTHORITY.1





Let's get a beer Friday, yeah?

The point then is that in reading essays the student should pass beyond rhetorical mechanics and get into the mood and attitude of the writer who mysteriously becomes one with his art.3











SO, IF ALL WE WANT IS A
NARRATOR TO EMPATHISE WITH,
COULD WE POSSIBLY HOPE FOR
BETTER THAN A CARTOONP

McCloud (1993), p 36

Simonson (1964), p 37

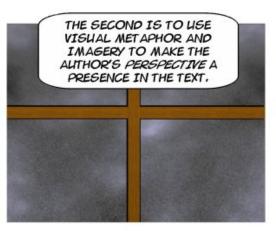
HOWEVER, WHERE SIMONSON CLAIMS THAT A VISIBLE AND PROMINENT AUTHORIAL PERSONALITY IS PARAMOUNT 2. MCCLOUD CLAIMS THAT ONE INTERFERES WITH THE OTHER:

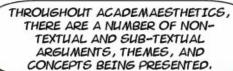


images from McCloud (1993), p 36, panels 3-4, 8-9; p 37, panels 1, 7-8











THE ESSAYS THEY READ. YET, ITS PRESENCE IS A MAJOR PART OF THE ESSAY'S STRUCTURAL MAKEUP.

- Simonson (1964), p 36
- 2. Simonson (1964), p 36

SINGL

THE ULTIMATE GOAL IS A SIMPLE ONE: BY PUTTING THE AUTHOR RIGHT THERE IN FRONT OF THE READER IN SUCH A CLEAR CLOSE-AT-HAND WAY, THE READER COMES TO UNDERSTAND AND WILL BE ENCOURAGED TO IDENTIFY MORE WITH THE ESSAY, WHETHER IT IS PRESENTED AS A COMIC OR NOT, AND WILL LEARN HOW TO BETTER READ AN ESSAY.

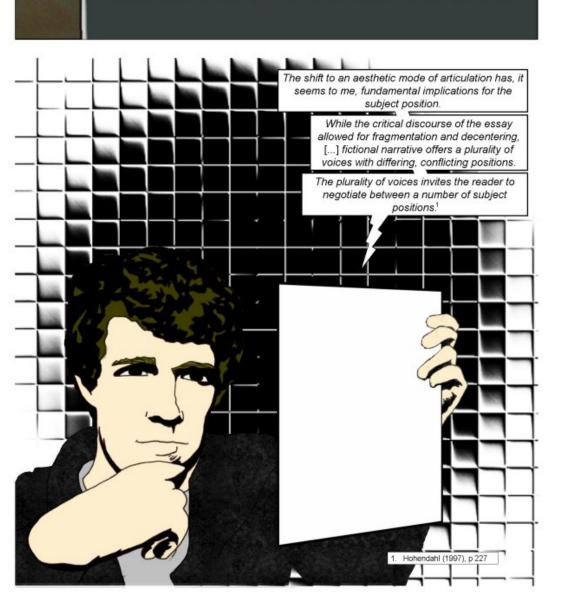




-INTSIBLE AUTHOR

THE REAGON HE STATES IS NOT TO DO WITH EMPATHY; RATHER, HE CLAIMS THAT FICTIONAL TEXTS ARE ABLE TO PRESENT INFORMATION IN A WAY THAT AN ESSAY CANNOT.

SINGULAR PERSPECTIVE





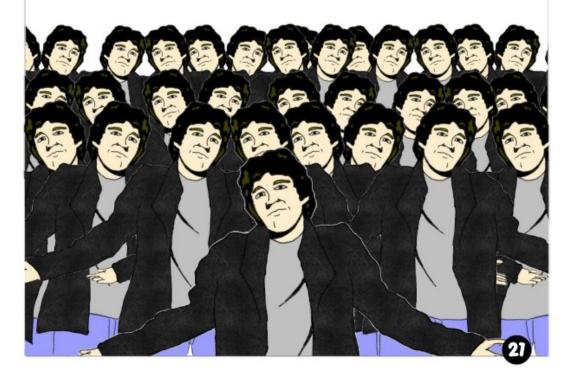




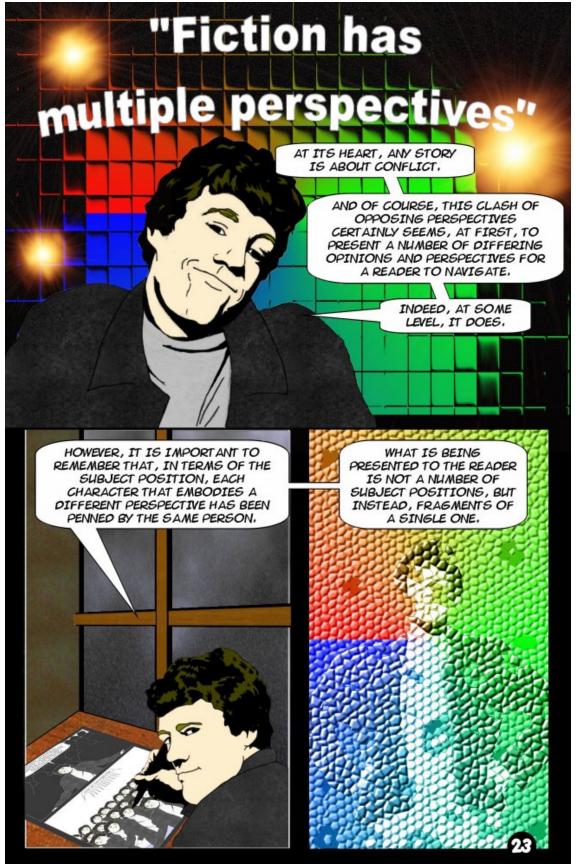


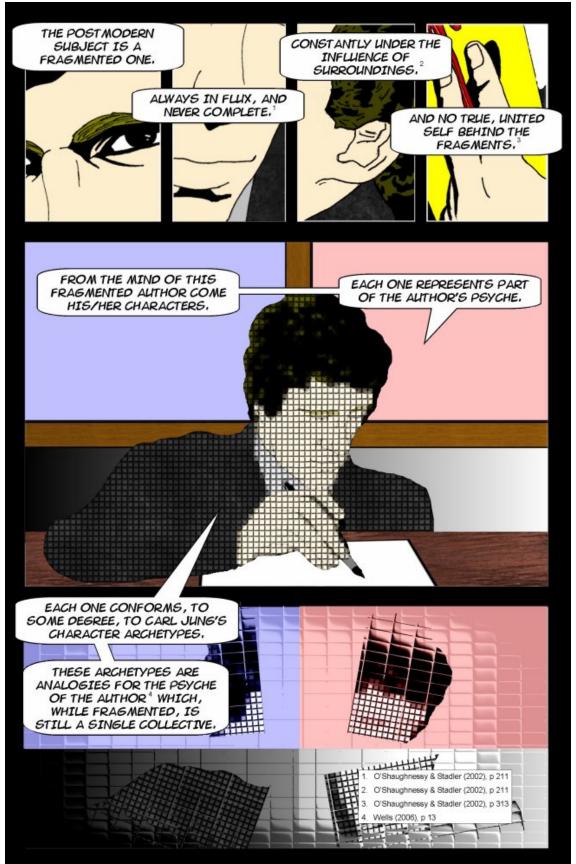




















THERE IS ROOM FOR MULTIPLICITY IN BOTH THE ESSAY AND IN FICTIONAL PIECES, IF THE AUDIENCE IS WILLING TO FIND IT.

WITH THIS COMIC, IT IS NOT MY GOAL TO PROPOUND A SINGLE, RIGID, LIMITING POINT OF VIEW. INSTEAD, I ENCOURAGE MULTIPLE READER INTERPRETATIONS.

AND IN THIS ESSAY, I HAVE JUST PRESENTED TWO IRRECONCILABLE THEORIES ABOUT HOW WE READ AND WRITE.

PART TWO: THE ESSAY

"Essays have a

singular perspective"

THE ESSAVIS IN READING MATER LED ME TO DERI REAGONS FOR T

> 1. Invi 2 Ling 3. Eliti





"Fiction has

multiple perspectives

May for counse, mid-ful, garcelous resembles appear a Australia openin a Australia appear a Australia

HONORER, IT to Levicer are no electroner man, sy repaired on the distance most reportant or construction of consociation must resident a management of the distance man resident or reportant or the distance management of the distance resident.

PRIATE DE METAN PROCESSES DE TIME SE ACCES TO ACCE À LANGUE DE SERVICIO PER ACCES DE PROFESA, PERASABILITA DE A COMMILA CHIE.

SINCULAR

ELITIST PO

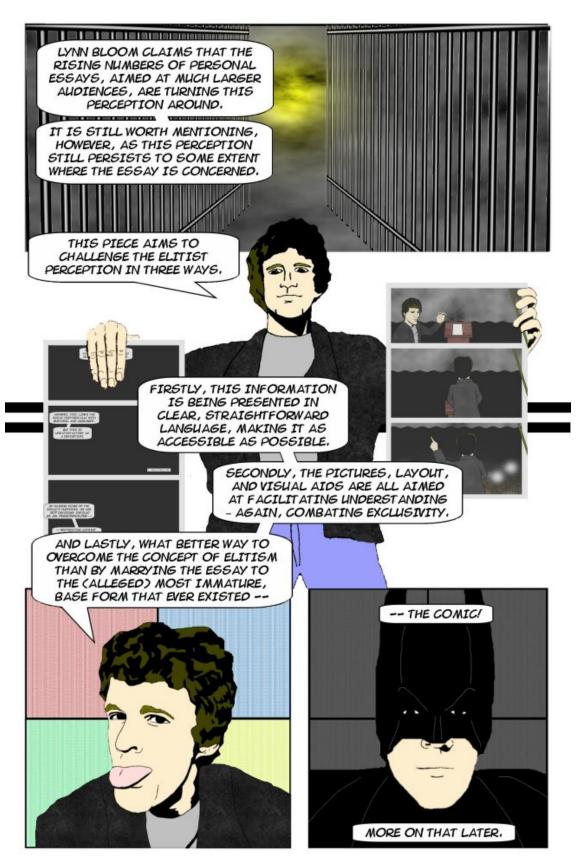
I LEAVE IT TO YOU TO DECIDE WHAT TO BELIEVE.

SO, LET'S MOVE ON TO THE THIRD AND FINAL REASON FOR THE DECLINE OF THE ESSAY AS READING MATERIAL.









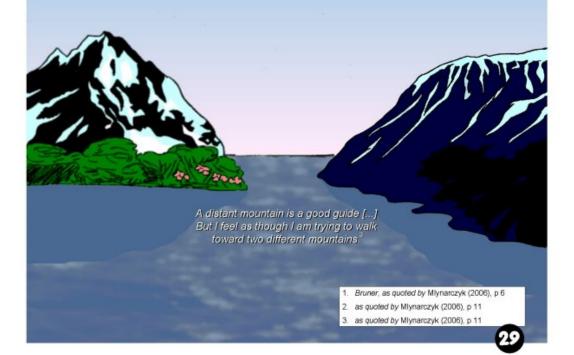


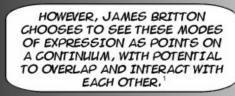
IT'S IMPORTANT TO CLARIFY THAT DESPITE THE GROWING NUMBERS OF PERSONAL ESSAYS, I DO NOT BELIEVE THAT ACADEMIC WRITING IS IN ITS DEATH THROES.

AT FIRST GLANCE, THERE
APPEARS TO BE A TREMENDOUS
DIVIDE BETWEEN PERSONAL
WRITING AND MORE DISTANT
'LOGICO-SCIENTIFIC' WRITING.

CERTAINLY, PETER ELBOW SEES THEM AS DISTINCT.

... they conflict with each other [...] progress toward one [academic writing] could undermine progress toward the other [personal writing]. ²

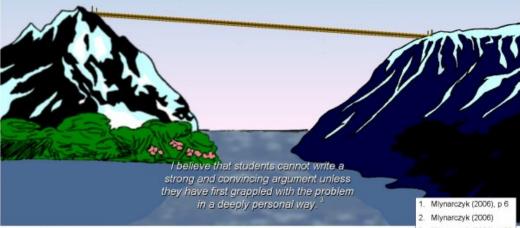






AND REBECCA MLYNARCZYK HAS EMPIRICAL EVIDENCE THAT THE TWO ARE NOT SO DISTANT FROM EACH OTHER,

BY TEACHING HER STUDENTS BOTH PERSONAL AND IMPERSONAL WRITING TECHNIQUES, SHE FOUND THAT THEY REINFORCED EACH OTHER, AND HELPED THE STUDENTS TO FIND THE RIGHT VOICE FOR DIFFERENT SITUATIONS.



3. Mlynarczyk (2006), p 23

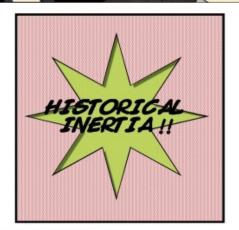
SO, IN CONCLUSION, RATHER THAN SEEING THE DEATH OF THE ACADEMIC ESSAY, I BELIEVE WE ARE SEEING THE START OF A NEW DYNAMIC --

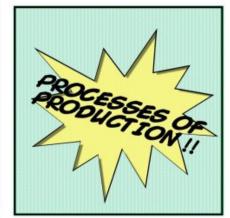


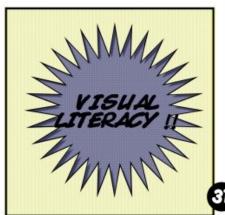
-- ONE IN WHICH PERSONAL AND IMPERSONAL WRITINGS ENTER INTO A DIALOGUE, REINFORCING EACH OTHER, RATHER THAN CHALLENGING AND DESTROYING.

PART TWO:
THE ESSAY

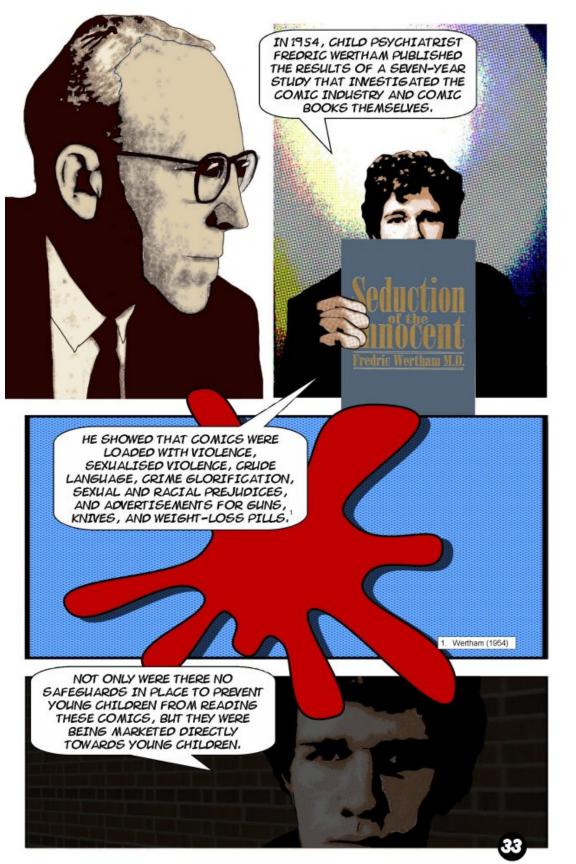










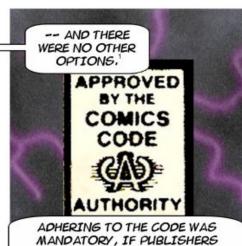








ALTHOUGH THE CODE DEALT
THOROUGHLY WITH OBJECTIONABLE
MATERIAL, COMICS WERE RESTRICTED
TO CONTENT FAR MORE RESTRAINED
THAN WHAT WOULD BE REQUIRED FOR A
FILM TO RECEIVE A *6* RATING --

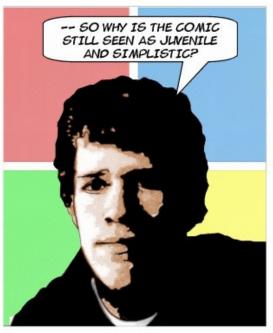


WISHED TO KEEP THEIR CURRENT

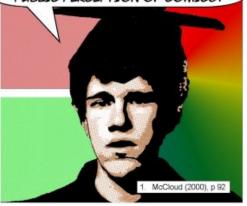








SCOTT MCCLOUD IDENTIFIES ACADEMIC ATTENTION AS AN IMPORTANT STEP IN CHANGING THE PUBLIC PERCEPTION OF COMICS.



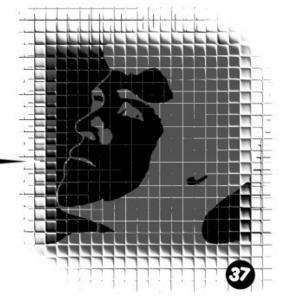
RAISING AWARENESS OF THE ISSUES SURROUNDING COMICS, SUCH AS HISTORICAL INERTIA, IS ONE OF THE PRIMARY GOALS OF THE ESSAY WITHIN THIS ACADEMIC DISSERTATION.





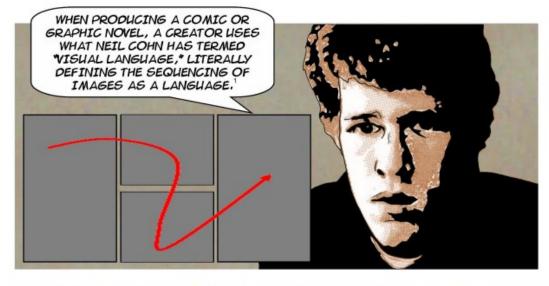
THE ULTIMATE GOAL IS A SIMPLE ONE: I AM ATTEMPTING TO ENCOURAGE READERS TO CONSIDER THEIR PERCEPTIONS OF THE COMIC BY SUBVERTING THE EXPECTATIONS OF SIMPLICITY THAT HISTORY HAS DRUMMED INTO THEM.

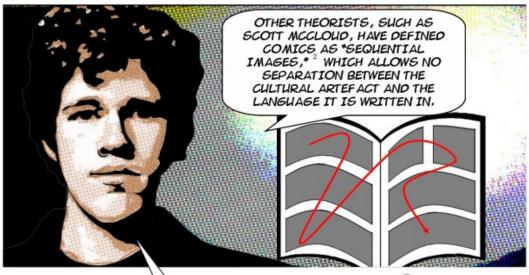
WITH THIS IN MIND, WE TURN TO THE SECOND OF THE REASONS FOR THE COMIC'S STATUS: PROCESSES OF PRODUCTION.













THIS DISTINCTION IS, OF COURSE, OF PARAMOUNT IMPORTANCE IF WE ACCEPT THAT COMICS ARE CULTURAL ARTEFACTS, BEARING WITH THEM ALL THE BAGGAGE OF READERSHIP AND CONTENT EXPECTATIONS.





UNFORTUNATELY, UNTIL THE DICHOTOMY OF DEFINITION IS RESOLVED, THERE CAN BE NO ANSWER TO THIS PROBLEM.



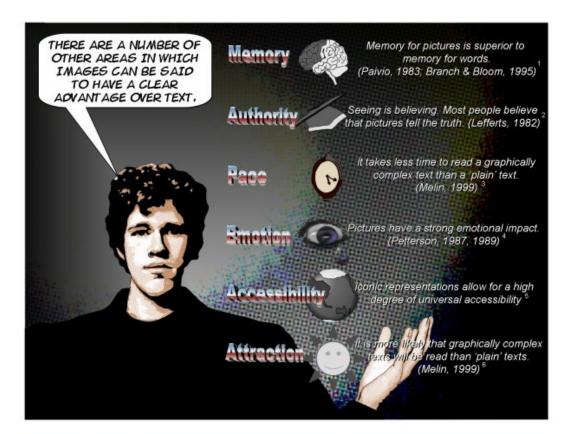
I'M GOING TO LEAVE THIS CHOICE TO YOU.

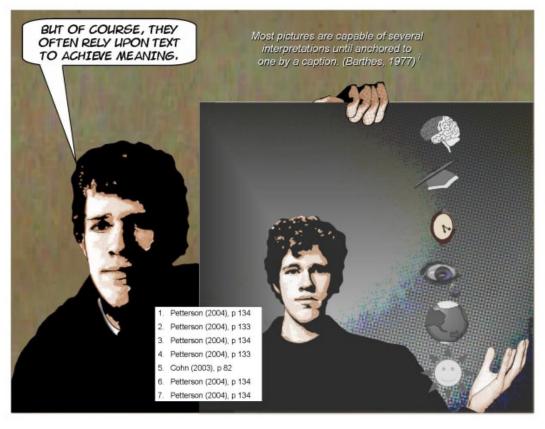
YOU CAN CHOOSE TO READ THIS TEXT AS A COMIC THAT BORROWS STRUCTURAL ASPECTS OF THE ESSAY-- -- OR AS AN ESSAY THAT USES A VISUAL LANGUAGE IN APPITION TO ITS ENGLISH COMPONENTS.

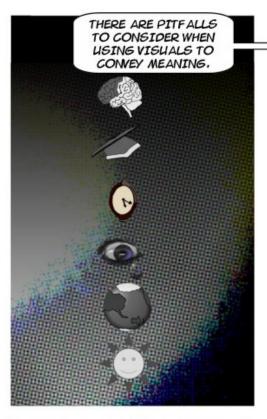


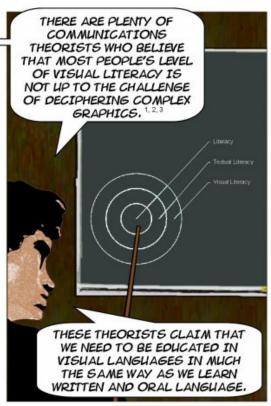


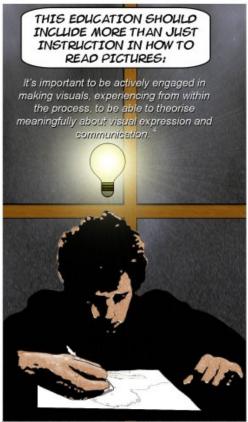
Brubaker; Miller, Watkins (2004), p 24
 Brubaker; Miller, Watkins (2004), p 25-6

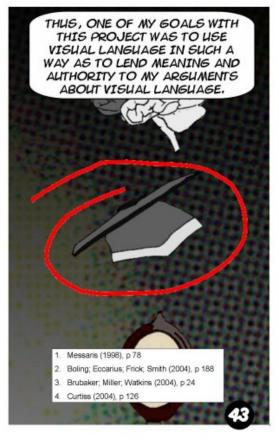


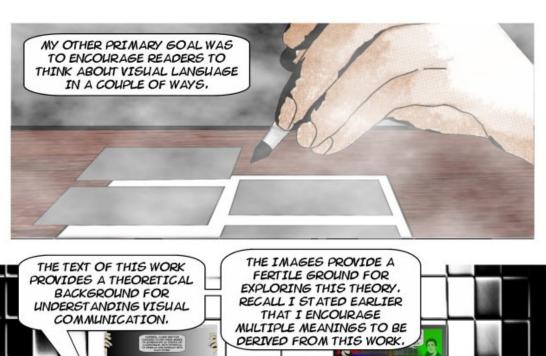












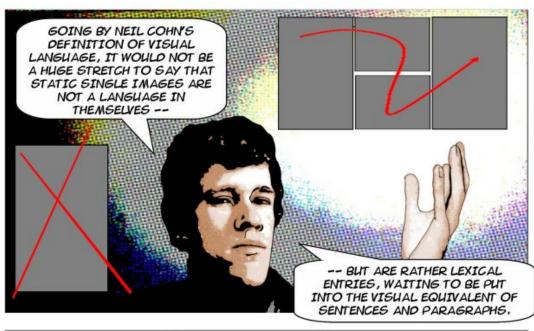


I HOPE THAT ACADEMAESTHETICS HAS ENCOURAGED YOU TO DEVELOP YOUR VISUAL VOCABULARY SOMEWHAT.



BEFORE I BRING THIS BACK TO PERCEPTIONS OF THE COMIC, I WANT TO LOOK AT IMAGES IN SEQUENCE -- IMAGES IN SEQUENCE!!

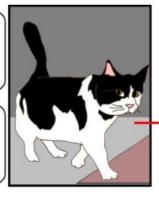
-- THE LANGUAGE MOST FREQUENTLY EMPLOYED BY COMICS.

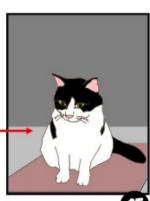


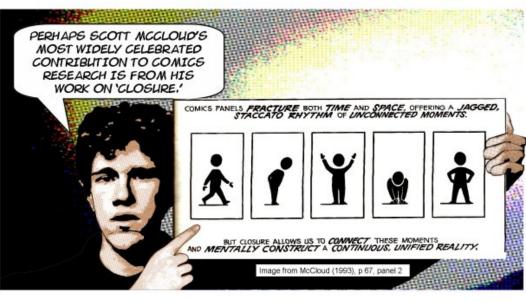


BUT WHEN THE SINGLE
LEXICAL UNIT, A SOLITARY
IMAGE, IS LINKED WITH
ANOTHER, THE TWO
TOGETHER CAN BE SAID TO
MAKE A STATEMENT.

OF COURSE, CERTAIN
AMBIGUITIES OF CONTEXT
REMAIN, BUT FOR ALL
INTENTS AND PURPOSES,
THERE IS A NARRATIVE IN
THESE LINKED IMAGES.



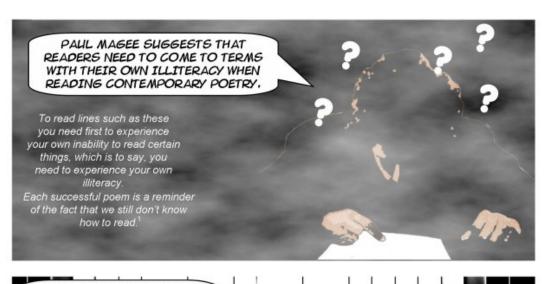










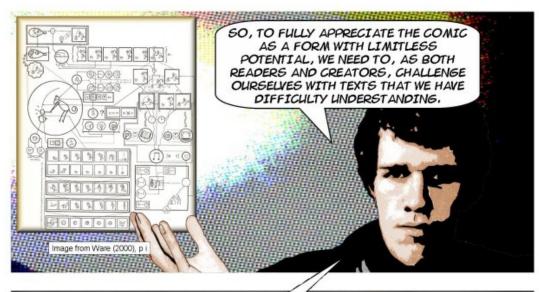


I WOULD LIKE TO DRAW UPON ANDREW ARNOLD TO EXTEND THIS THINKING INTO THE WORLD OF COMICS.

ARNOLO CLAIMS THAT POETIC MEANING, LANGUAGE AND SYNTAX IN COMICS SPRINGS NOT FROM THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN WORDS, BUT RATHER, FROM THOSE BETWEEN IMAGES.

IN THIS WAY, HE SAYS, COMICS HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO BE POETIC.²





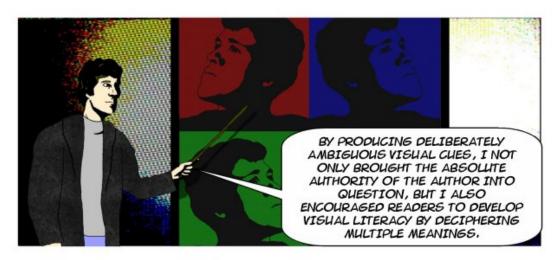






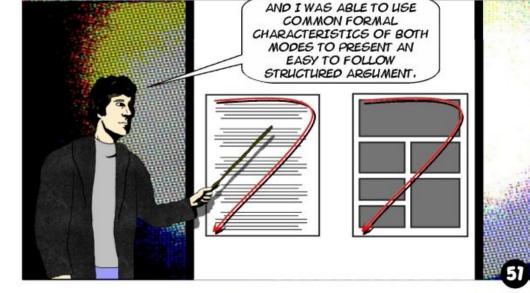














AND HOPEFULLY, I HAVE ENCOURAGED YOU TO THINK ABOUT YOUR OWN PERCEPTIONS OF BOTH THE ESSAY AND THE COMIC.

LET THIS PIECE STAND NOT AS A TREATISE TO ABOLISH THE KINDS OF ESSAYS AND COMICS THAT GENERATED THESE PERCEPTIONS --



-- BUT INSTEAD LET IT SERVE AS A
CRY FOR A GREATER
UNDERSTANDING OF BOTH
FORMS, AND THE VIRTUAL
INFINITY OF OPTIONS AVAILABLE
TO CREATORS OF EITHER.

ACADEMAESTHETICS IS THE FIRST PIECE EXPLICITLY CREATED TO SHOW THE COMBINED POWER OF THE ESSAY AND COMIC.



ITS LAST AND MOST
IMPORTANT GOAL WAS NOT
TO ANSWER QUESTIONS ---

PART ONE: DEFINITIONS PART TWO: THE ESSAY

PART THREE: THE COMIC

PART FOUR: CONCLUSION

-- BUT TO ENCOURAGE YOU, FUTURE ESSAY AND COMIC CREATORS, TO <u>ASK</u> THEM.



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